May 24, 2022

The Honorable Jeff Merkley Chair, Appropriations Subcommittee on Interior, Environment and Related Agencies U.S. Senate Washington, DC 20510

The Honorable Lisa Murkowski Ranking Member, Appropriations Subcommittee on Interior, Environment and and Related Agencies U.S. Senate Washington, DC 20510 The Honorable Chellie Pingree Chair, Appropriations Subcommittee on Interior, Environment and Related Agencies U.S. House of Representatives Washington, DC 20515

The Honorable David Joyce Ranking Member, Appropriations Subcommittee on Interior, Environment Related Agencies U.S. House of Representatives Washington, DC 20515

Dear Chairman Merkley and Chairwoman Pingree, and Ranking Members Murkowski and Joyce:

Over 50% of U.S. forestland is owned and managed by more than 10 million private owners, most of which are families and individuals. These landowners represent a diverse group of people who have many reasons for owning their forest land and represent a key constituency in helping address issues of forest sustainability and conservation. However, private landowners face barriers – including unforeseen costs and insufficient technical assistance – that can prevent them from taking necessary management action. As population growth and urbanization increase nationwide, private forest lands are threatened by land use conversion and development. Now more than ever, it is critical that we maintain our privately owned forest lands in a condition that supports the health, prosperity, security, and well-being of all Americans.

The Forest Stewardship Program (FSP), administered by the USDA Forest Service (Forest Service) and delivered in partnership with state forestry agencies, cooperative extension services, certified foresters, conservation districts, and other partners, is the primary federal mechanism for supporting those landowners in making sustainable management decisions. Regardless of who provides the assistance, the end goal is the same: to help landowners achieve healthy, resilient, and productive forests. Well-managed private forests and woodlands offer a number of public benefits, including enhanced wildlife habitat, carbon sequestration, recreational opportunities, watershed protection, and timber production. With this in mind, **the undersigned organizations recommend funding the Forest Stewardship Program for fiscal year 2023 at \$22 million¹.**

¹ Beginning in FY21, Congress restructured the Forest Service program budgets, separating out appropriations for cost pools, salary & expenses, and program funding. This advocacy level represents solely the program funding request for FSP.

FSP equips private forest landowners with the unbiased, science-based information they need to sustainably manage their forests now and into the future, helping to keep forests as forests. Sometimes this information is delivered to the landowner in the form of a Forest Stewardship plan; other times, it is provided through educational opportunities like an in-person or virtual workshop or a one-on-one field consultation with a professional forester. In addition to delivering technical assistance directly to forestland owners, state Forest Stewardship programs are often gateways to other landowner cost-share assistance programming like the USDA Environmental Quality Incentives Program (EQIP), state programs, and partner programs, that can help landowners keep their forests working and intact.

Today there are 20.4 million acres nationwide managed under Forest Stewardship plans. In FY21 alone, the program led to the development of 12,591 new management plans covering over 675,000 acres and provided assistance and educational opportunities to over 248,000 landowners. Forestland owners that have management plans are almost three times more likely to meet their management objectives compared to those without management plans. The FSP helps landowners to reach management objectives that tie to the state's Forest Action Plan². Forest Stewardship plans provide guidance for family forest landowners to keep their land healthy and productive and often serve as management roadmaps for several generations.

Although effective and in demand, FSP has seen a troubling 50% decline in federal funding over the last decade, accounting for inflation. Some of this decrease was due to the historical impact of the increasing cost of wildfire on the Forest Service budget. We appreciate the efforts of Congress to enact the "Wildfire Funding Fix" in 2018 and are now eager to see program increases to those programs that suffered cuts in the past, including FSP. Increased federal funding for FSP will allow state forestry agencies and partners to meet existing landowner demand and help ensure forestland acres are maintained. **On average, state forestry agencies and other partners match federal investments 2:1, which means the impact of federal dollars delivered through the FSP have amplified on-the-ground impacts.**

Keeping forestland in a healthy working condition is paramount to the ability of our forests to provide the economic, environmental, and social benefits that are essential to society. In order to retain and properly care for their forests, landowners need sources of revenue. Forests can provide traditional forms of revenue from harvesting of timber as well as other forms of economic return including from recreation and ecosystem services like carbon and water quality. The technical assistance services provided through FSP support landowners in achieving their management goals in a way that is financially sustainable, which in turn provides public benefits including forest products, carbon sequestration, wildlife habitat, clean water and air, jobs, and opportunities for recreation.

Following congressional direction, the National Association of State Foresters has worked closely with the Forest Service to modernize the funding allocation process to state agencies for FSP,

² https://www.stateforesters.org/forest-action-plans/

with greater emphasis placed on performance-based outcomes. Under the new allocation process, priority areas and priority resource concerns have been designated in each state and greater emphasis has been placed on providing technical assistance and implementing land management plans in those priority areas. This means that Congress can have added assurance that increased funding to this priority program will be delivered to the locations and for the resource concerns that generate the highest public benefit.

With all this in mind, the undersigned organizations recommend funding the Forest Stewardship Program for fiscal year 2023 at \$22 million.

American Forest Foundation American Forests American Wood Council Arkansas Forestry Association Associated Logging Contractors, Inc. Association of Consulting Foresters of America Carbon180 Cleaves Consulting LLC **Connecticut Forest & Park Association** Florida Forestry Association **Forest Resources Association** Forest Stewards Guild Forestry Association of South Carolina Friends of Florence Canyon Green Infrastructure Center Inc. Idaho Forest Owners Association, Inc. Illinois Forestry Development Council Indiana Forestry & Woodland **Owners Association** Louisiana Forestry Association Maryland Forestry Foundation Massachusetts Forest Alliance Minnesota Association of Soil and Water Conservation Districts Minnesota Forestry Association National Alliance of Forest Owners National Association of Conservation Districts National Association of Forest Service Retirees

National Association of State Foresters National Association of University **Forest Resources Programs** National Deer Association National Wild Turkey Federation National Woodland Owners Association New England Forestry Foundation North Carolina Urban Forest Council **Ohio Conservation Federation Oregon Small Woodlands Association Resource Management Service, LLC** Society of American Foresters Southeastern Lumber Manufacturers Association Southern Illinois University, Forestry Program Southern Regional Extension Forestry **Texas Forestry Association** The Hardwood Federation The Longleaf Alliance The LYME Timber Company The Nature Conservancy The Pennsylvania Forestry Association Theodore Roosevelt Conservation Partnership Town of Friday Harbor Tree Lafayette TreePeople Trees of Santa Maria West Virginia University